

# ARGEIAD Newsletter

November 2024

#### Immigration in Canada and Atlantic Canada: January – June 2024

Data presented in this section are provided by Immigration, Refugee and Citizenship Canada (IRCC) under agreement with Saint Mary's University Atlantic Research Group on Economics of Immigration, Aging and Diversity (ARGEIAD) <u>under the auspices of</u> <u>Saint Mary's University</u>. We thank IRCC for sharing these data.

# Permanent Residents destined towards Canada, Provinces and Territories

In the first six months of 2024, over a quarter million people were granted a permanent resident status (PR) in Canada. About 9 percent of them were destined towards Atlantic Canada. The highest number destined towards Atlantic Canada was towards New Brunswick, followed closely by Nova Scotia while Newfoundland & Labrador and Prince Edward Island together were destinations of a quarter of them. (Table 1).

| Province                | Permanent Residents |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Newfoundland & Labrador | 3,020               |
| Prince Edward Island    | 2,500               |
| Nova Scotia             | 8,335               |
| New Brunswick           | 8,895               |
| Quebec                  | 30,325              |
| Ontario                 | 106,585             |
| Manitoba                | 13,430              |
| Saskatchewan            | 13,025              |
| Alberta                 | 34,405              |

### Table 1: Permanent Resident status granted in Canada by Province and Territories of intended residence, 2024 (Jan-June)

| British Columbia      | 34,545  |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Yukon                 | 535     |
| Northwest Territories | 235     |
| Nunavut               | 25      |
| Not stated            | 20      |
| Canada Total          | 255,870 |
| Atlantic Canada Total | 22,750  |

India was the top sending country of PRs in Canada, representing 29 percent of total. Philippines ranked second with a distant 7 percent, followed by China (4.4 percent), Nigeria (3.8 percent) and Afghanistan (2.3 percent). Together, these countries comprised 46.5 percent of total PRs during the first six months of 2024. (Table 2).

| Table 2: Top five source countries of Permanent Residents destined towards |
|--|
| Canada, 2024 (Jan-June).   |

| Country                     | Number | Rank |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|
| India                       | 74665  | 1    |
| Philippines                 | 17030  | 2    |
| China, People's Republic of | 11390  | 3    |
| Nigeria                     | 9740   | 4    |
| Afghanistan                 | 6985   | 5    |

The composition of top five source countries of PRs destined towards Atlantic provinces was different from that found nationally. India was the top source country in 3 of the 4

provinces, the exception being Newfoundland & Labrador where it ranked second, preceded by Philippines (Table 3).

| Table 3: Top five source countries of Permanent Residents destined tow | ards |
|--|------|
| Atlantic Provinces, 2024 (Jan-June).                                   |      |

|                                | NS   | NS     |      | NL     |      | NL PEI |      |        | NB |  |
|--------------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|----|--|
| Country                        | Rank | Number | Rank | Number | Rank | Number | Rank | Number |    |  |
| India                          | 1    | 4,005  | 2    | 505    | 1    | 1,085  | 1    | 1,815  |    |  |
| Philippines                    | 2    | 815    | 1    | 825    | 2    | 505    | 2    | 995    |    |  |
| China, People's<br>Republic of | 3    | 525    |      |        | 3    | 125    |      |        |    |  |
| Korea, Republic of             | 4    | 190    |      |        |      |        |      |        |    |  |
| Nigeria                        | 4    | 190    | 4    | 190    |      |        | 5    | 550    |    |  |
| Ukraine                        |      |        | 3    | 300    |      |        |      |        |    |  |
| United States                  | 5    | 170    |      |        |      |        |      |        |    |  |
| Vietnam                        |      |        |      |        | 4    | 120    |      |        |    |  |
| Hong Kong                      |      |        |      |        | 5    | 105    |      |        |    |  |
| Cameroon                       |      |        |      |        |      |        | 3    | 750    |    |  |
| Algeria                        |      |        |      |        |      |        | 4    | 560    |    |  |
| Afghanistan                    |      |        | 5    | 160    |      |        |      |        |    |  |

# Work Permits issued in Canada and for Atlantic Canada during the first six months of 2024

Work permit holders are temporary residents admitted to meet labour shortages if current Canadian residents are not available to fill the vacant positions. During January–June, Canada issued 520,665 work permits, more than twice the number of PRs. Their number destined towards Atlantic Canada was 25,945 which was about 14 percent higher than PRs whose data were reported in Table 1. (Table 4).

| Table 4: New Work Permits issued, Canada by intended destination province and |
|---|
| territories.  |

| Province                  | Work Permits issued<br>(Jan-June 2024) |
|---------------------------|--|
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 4,335                                  |
| Prince Edward Island      | 2,520                                  |
| Nova Scotia               | 10,845                                 |
| New Brunswick             | 8,245                                  |
| Quebec                    | 77,315                                 |
| Ontario                   | 188,875                                |
| Manitoba                  | 16,925                                 |
| Saskatchewan              | 8,985                                  |
| Alberta                   | 49,075                                 |
| British Columbia          | 77,810                                 |
| Yukon                     | 595                                    |
| Northwest Territories     | 215                                    |
| Nunavut                   | 55                                     |

| Not stated            | 74,870  |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Canada Total          | 520,665 |
| Atlantic Canada Total | 25,945  |

India was the top source country of new work permit holders in Canada, followed by Philippines, Iran, Ukraine and Mexico in the top five list. (Table 5).

Table 5: New work permit holders from top five source countries, Jan-June 2024.

| Country     | Number | Rank |
|-------------|--------|------|
| India       | 124585 | 1    |
| Philippines | 24615  | 3    |
| Iran        | 2328   | 5    |
| Ukraine     | 89420  | 2    |
| Mexico      | 23460  | 4    |

Among Atlantic Provinces, India was the top source country in NS for new work permit holders, followed by Ukraine, Mexico, Philippines and Jamaica. India ranked second in NL, and third in PEI and NB. Philippines was the largest source in NL, while Mexico sent the highest numbers in PEI and NB. (Table 6).

# Table 6: Top five source countries of work permit holders in Atlantic Canada, Jan-June 2024.

|         | NS   | NS  |      | NL  |      | PEI |      | NB  |  |
|---------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|--|
| Country | Rank | No. | Rank | No. | Rank | No. | Rank | No. |  |

| India                          | 1 | 3,920 | 2 | 475 | 3 | 465 | 3 | 1,060 |
|--------------------------------|---|-------|---|-----|---|-----|---|-------|
| Philippines                    | 4 | 775   | 1 | 935 | 2 | 490 | 2 | 1,240 |
| China, People's<br>Republic of |   |       |   |     | 4 | 180 |   |       |
| Nigeria                        |   |       | 5 | 185 |   |     |   |       |
| Ukraine                        | 2 | 1,330 |   |     | 5 | 110 | 4 | 1,015 |
| Iran                           |   |       | 3 | 250 |   |     |   |       |
| Mexico                         | 3 | 1,025 | 4 | 235 | 1 | 510 | 1 | 1,465 |
| Jamaica                        | 5 | 680   |   |     |   |     | 5 | 415   |

#### **Data and Research news**

#### Data

Saint Mary's University and Immigration, Refugee and Citizenship entered a data sharing agreement in 2023 under which IRCC shares a list of data Tables with ARGEIAD. To gain access to these data, researchers may write to Dr. Ather H. Akbari (<u>Ather.Akbari@smu.ca</u>).

#### Research

#### On-going

- "Religion and human capital returns in Canada" in progress with Mohshinul Karim.
- Human capital returns for immigrants and native-born in Atlantic Canada (with Hui Xiao).
- How much does social interaction on campus help international students in finding jobs in their field of study? (with Nicholas Manuel).

#### Completed projects

• "Immigration in Atlantic Canada." Three-year grant received from Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council (SSHRC) as a co-applicant with Tony Fang of

Memorial University of Newfoundland (2021-24). A second student finished her MAE MRP based on this project.

 "Retention of International Students in Atlantic Canada." A major survey-based research project completed under the auspices of Atlantic Research Group on Economics of Immigration, Aging and Diversity (ARGEIAD); funded by the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency. Survey was conducted with cooperation from Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada (IRCC). Final survey-based report and policy brief have been <u>posted on ARGEIAD's web site</u>.

Policy Brief(English), Policy Brief(French))

 Movements of immigrants and native-born Canadians between Nova Scotia and other provinces of Canada. Survey research completed in collaboration with Group ATN on behalf of the Government of Nova Scotia. This project is an extension of another survey-based research completed for the <u>Province of Nova</u> <u>Scotia in 2021</u>.

#### Presentations

- Presentation at the Annual Canadian Economics Association conference held at Toronto Metropolitan University, Toronto, Ontario (June 2024).
- Results of International Students research presented for:
  - Association of Atlantic Universities (AAU)
  - Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship, Canada (IRCC)
  - University of Prince Edward Island
- Presentation at the 4<sup>th</sup> <u>Canadian German Webinar: Navigating the</u> <u>arrangements of entrance and settlement – Germany and Canada in</u> <u>comparative perspective.</u> (Carleton University, University of Berlin and Federal Labour Department, Germany).
- <u>Presentation at Western Regional Enterprise Network (Nova Scotia): Who</u> <u>comes, who stays, who leaves Nova Scotia and why?</u>
- <u>Presentation at the 50<sup>th</sup> Annual conference of Atlantic Canada Economics</u> <u>Association (ACEA): Social Life on campus and job-education matching for</u> <u>international students in Atlantic Canada</u>

- Panel organized at the 50<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference of Atlantic Canada Economics <u>Association (ACEA): Long-term Care for Seniors: Some Best Practices and</u> <u>Public Policy in Nova Scotia</u>
- Virtual presentation for Global Labour Organization

#### News media mentions

- <u>https://www.affairesuniversitaires.ca/articles-de-fond/article/dommages-</u> <u>collateraux/</u>
- <u>https://universityaffairs.ca/opinion/in-my-opinion/atlantic-canada-needs-international-students/</u>
- <u>https://financialpost.com/news/economy/labour-shortage-atlantic-canadaimmigration</u>
- <u>https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/week-how-international-students-drive-economic-development-cqahc/</u>
- <u>https://www.cbc.ca/listen/live-radio/1-27-information-morning-ns/clip/16090939-</u> major-changes-coming-temporary-foreign-worker-program